

NOTICE REGARDING STANDARDS FOR MEDI-CAL ELIGIBILITY

If you or your spouse are considering purchasing a financial product based on its treatment under the Medi-Cal program, read this important message!

You or your spouse do not have to use up all of your savings before applying for Medi-Cal.

UNMARRIED RESIDENT

An unmarried resident may be eligible for Medi-Cal benefits if he or she has less than (insert amount of individual's resource allowance) in countable resources.

The Medi-Cal recipient is allowed to keep from his or her monthly income a personal allowance of (insert amount of personal needs allowance) plus the amount of any health insurance premiums paid. The remainder of the monthly income is paid to the nursing facility as a monthly share of cost.

MARRIED RESIDENT

COMMUNITY SPOUSE RESOURCE ALLOWANCE: If one spouse lives in a nursing facility, and the other spouse does not live in a facility, the Medi-Cal program will pay some or all of the nursing facility costs as long as the couple together does not have more than (insert amount of community countable assets).

MINIMUM MONTHLY MAINTENANCE NEEDS ALLOWANCE: If a spouse is eligible for Medi-Cal payment of nursing facility costs, the spouse living at home is allowed to keep a monthly income of at least his or her individual monthly income or (insert amount of the minimum monthly maintenance needs allowance), whichever is greater.

FAIR HEARINGS AND COURT ORDERS

Under certain circumstances, an at-home spouse can obtain an order from an administrative law judge or court that will allow the at-home spouse to retain additional resources or income. The order may allow the couple to retain more than (insert amount of community spouse resource allowance plus individual's resource allowance) in countable resources. The order also may allow the at-home spouse to retain more than (insert amount of the monthly maintenance need allowance) in monthly income.

REAL AND PERSONAL PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS

Many of your assets may already be exempt. Exempt means that the assets are not counted when determining eligibility for Medi-Cal.

REAL PROPERTY EXEMPTIONS

ONE PRINCIPAL RESIDENCE. One property used as a home is exempt. The home will remain exempt in determining eligibility if the applicant intends to return home someday.

The home also continues to be exempt if the applicant’s spouse or dependent relative continues to live in it.

Money received from the sale of a home can be exempt for up to six months if the money is going to be used for the purchase of another home.

REAL PROPERTY USED IN A BUSINESS OR TRADE. Real estate used in a trade or business is exempt regardless of its equity value and whether it produces income.

PERSONAL PROPERTY AND OTHER EXEMPT ASSETS

IRAs, KEOGHs, AND OTHER WORK-RELATED PENSION PLANS. These funds are exempt if the family member whose name it is in does not want Medi-Cal. If held in the name of a person who wants Medi-Cal and payments of principal and interest are being received, the balance is considered unavailable and is not counted. It is not necessary to annuitize, convert to an annuity, or otherwise change the form of the assets in order for them to be unavailable.

PERSONAL PROPERTY USED IN A TRADE OR BUSINESS

ONE MOTOR VEHICLE

IRREVOCABLE BURIAL TRUSTS OR IRREVOCABLE PREPAID BURIAL CONTRACTS.

THERE MAY BE OTHER ASSETS THAT MAY BE EXEMPT.

This is only a brief description of the Medi-Cal eligibility rules, for more detailed information, you should call your county welfare department. Also, you are advised to contact a legal services program for seniors or an attorney that is not connected with the sale of this product.

I have read the above notice and have received a copy.

Dated: _____

Signature: _____

Signature: _____